

# BENEFIT PLAN

Prepared Exclusively for  
Government of the US Virgin Islands

Class 2: Government, Class 3: University,  
Class 4: St. Thomaster. St. End Med Center  
and Class 5: Frederiksted Health Center Full-  
Time Employees of the ER - Life and AD&PL  
Coverage

Aetna Life Insurance Company  
Booklet-Certificate

This Booklet-Certificate is part of the Group Insurance Policy  
between **Aetna** Life Insurance Company and the Policyholder

What Your Plan  
Covers and How  
Benefits are Paid

We want you to know<sup>SM</sup>



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## Preface (GR-9N-02-005-01)

Aetna Life Insurance Company (ALIC) is pleased to provide you with this *Booklet-Certificate*. Read this *Booklet-Certificate* carefully. The plan is underwritten by Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut (referred to as **Aetna**).

This *Booklet-Certificate* is part of the *Group Insurance Policy* between Aetna Life Insurance Company and the Policyholder. The *Group Insurance Policy* determines the terms and conditions of coverage. **Aetna** agrees with the Policyholder to provide coverage in accordance with the conditions, rights, and privileges as set forth in this *Booklet-Certificate*. The Policyholder selects the products and benefit levels under the plan. A person covered under this plan and their covered dependents are subject to all the conditions and provisions of the *Group Insurance Policy*.

The *Booklet-Certificate* describes the rights and obligations of you and **Aetna**, what the plan covers and how benefits are paid for that coverage. It is your responsibility to understand the terms and conditions in this *Booklet-Certificate*. Your *Booklet-Certificate* includes the *Schedule of Benefits* and any amendments or riders.

If you become insured, this *Booklet-Certificate* becomes your *Certificate of Coverage* under the *Group Insurance Policy*, and it replaces and supersedes all certificates describing similar coverage that **Aetna** previously issued to you.

Group Policyholder:	Government of the Virgin Islands
Group Policy Number:	GP-307293-GI
Effective Date:	October 1, 2011
Issue Date:	December 16, 2011
Booklet-Certificate Number:	1



Mark T. Bertolini  
Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President

Aetna Life Insurance Company  
(A Stock Company)

## Important Information Regarding Availability of Coverage (GR-9N 02-005 02)

No benefits are covered under this *Booklet-Certificate* in the absence of payment of current premiums subject to the *Grace Period* and the *Premium* section of the *Group Insurance Policy*.

Unless specifically provided in any applicable termination provision described in this *Booklet-Certificate* or under the terms of the *Group Insurance Policy*, the plan does not pay benefits for the loss of life or an **accident** incurred before coverage starts under this plan.

This plan will also not pay any benefits for any losses that start after coverage ends.

Benefits may be modified during the term of this plan as specifically provided under the terms of the *Group Insurance Policy* or upon renewal. If benefits are modified, the revised benefits (including any reduction in benefits or elimination of benefits) apply to any losses that start on or after the effective date of the plan modification. There is no vested right to receive any benefits described in the *Group Insurance Policy* or in this *Booklet-Certificate* beyond the date of termination or renewal if the loss or **accident** happens on or after the effective date of the plan modification, but prior to your receipt of amended plan documents.

## Coverage for You and Your Dependents (GR-9N-02-005-01)

### **Life Insurance Coverage** (GR-9N-02-015-01) (GR-9N-02-005-01)

A benefit is payable if you lose your life or a covered dependent loses his or her life while coverage is in effect. Please refer to the *Life Insurance* and *Life Insurance For Your Dependents* sections for more details about covered losses.

### **Accidental Death and Personal Loss Coverage** (GR-9N-02-015-01)

A benefit is payable for certain losses if both of the following occur while your coverage is in effect:

- You are involved in an **accident**; and
- You suffer a bodily **injury** as a direct result of the **accident**.

Please refer to the *Accidental Death and Personal Loss* section for more details about covered losses.

# Eligibility, Enrollment and Effective Date of Your Coverage

(GR-9N-29-005-02)

Who Can Be Covered

How and When to Enroll

When Your Coverage Begins

Throughout this section you will find information on who can be covered under the plan, how to enroll and what to do when there is a change in your life that affects coverage. In this section, 'you', 'your' and 'yours' means you and your covered dependents to whom this *Booklet-Certificate* is issued and whose insurance is in force under the terms of this group insurance policy.

## Who is Eligible

Your employer determines the criteria that are used to define the eligible class for coverage under this plan. Such criteria are based solely upon the conditions related to your employment. **Aetna** will rely upon the representation of the employer as to your eligibility for coverage under this plan and as to any fact concerning such eligibility.

### Employees

You are eligible for coverage under this plan if you are **actively at work** and:

- You are in an eligible class, as defined below;
- You have completed any probationary period required by the policyholder; and
- You have reached your eligibility date.

### Determining if You Are in an Eligible Class (GR-9N-29-005-02)

You are in an eligible class if:

- You are a regular full-time employee, as defined by your employer.

### Eligibility for Life Insurance if Permanently and Totally Disabled

You may remain eligible for Life Insurance coverage, subject to change or termination as provided elsewhere in the group contract, if your Employer determines that you have become permanently and totally disabled, if the total disability starts:

- while you are insured; and
- on or after the date this subsection applies to you; and
- before you retire; and
- your employer continues premium payments for this coverage.

This eligibility ceases the date your Employer determines that you are no longer permanently and totally disabled.

Report a disease or injury to your Employer as soon as you can. Your Employer will help you determine if you qualify.

### Determining When You Become Eligible (GR-9N-29-005-02)

You become eligible for the plan on your eligibility date, which is determined as follows.

#### On the Effective Date of the Plan

If you are in an eligible class on the effective date of this plan, your coverage eligibility date is the effective date of the plan.

### **After the Effective Date of the Plan**

If you are hired after the effective date of this plan, your eligibility coverage date is the first day of the month coinciding with or next following the date you are hired.

If you enter an eligible class after the effective date of this plan, your coverage eligibility date is the date you enter the eligible class.

### **Obtaining Coverage for Dependents** (GR-9N-29-010-01 VT)

Your dependents can be covered under your plan. You may enroll the following dependents:

- Your legal spouse; and
- Your dependent children.

**Aetna** will rely upon your employer to determine whether or not a person meets the definition of a dependent for coverage under the plan. This determination will be conclusive and binding upon all persons for the purposes of this plan.

### **Coverage for Dependent Children** (GR-9N-29-010-06)

To be eligible for coverage, a dependent child must be under 26 years of age.

An eligible dependent child includes:

- Your biological children;
- Your stepchildren;
- Your legally adopted children;
- Any children for whom you are responsible under court order;
- Your grandchildren in your court-ordered custody; and
- Any other child who lives with you in a parent-child relationship.

Coverage for a handicapped child may be continued past the age limits shown above. See *Handicapped Dependent Children* for more information.

### **Important Reminder**

Keep in mind that you cannot receive coverage under this Plan as:

- Both an employee and a dependent; or
- A dependent of more than one employee.

## **How and When to Enroll** (GR-9N 29-015-02)

### **Enrollment**

You will be provided with plan benefit and enrollment information when you first become eligible to enroll. You will need to enroll in a manner determined by **Aetna** and your employer. To complete the enrollment process, you will need to provide all requested information for yourself and your eligible dependents including any evidence of good health. You will also need to agree to make required contributions for any contributory coverage. Your employer will determine the amount of your plan contributions, and will advise you of the required amount. Your contributions will be deducted from your pay. Remember plan contributions are subject to change.

You will need to enroll within 31 days of your eligibility date.

For Dependent Life Insurance, newborns are automatically covered until the 31st day after birth. To continue coverage after 31 days, you will need to complete a change form and return it to your employer within the 31-day enrollment period.

## **Evidence of Good Health** (GR-9N 29-015-02)

You must provide evidence of good health that is satisfactory to **Aetna** if:

- You request to enroll more than 31 days after your eligibility date.

If you are required to submit evidence of good health, you must:

- Complete and sign a health and medical history form provided by **Aetna**;
- Submit to a medical examination, if requested;
- Provide any additional information that **Aetna** may require including attending **physician's** statements; and
- Furnish all such evidence at your own expense.

## **When Your Coverage Begins** (GR-9N-29-025-01)

### **Your Effective Date of Coverage**

Your coverage takes effect on the later of:

- The date you are eligible for coverage; and
- The date your enrollment form is received; and
- The date your required contribution is received by **Aetna**.

**Active Work Rule:** If you happen to be ill or injured and away from work on the date your coverage would take effect, the coverage will not take effect until you return to full-time work for one full day. This rule also applies to an increase in your coverage.

### **Your Dependent's Effective Date of Coverage**

Your dependent's coverage takes effect on the same day that your coverage becomes effective, if you have enrolled them in the plan by then.

**Note:** New dependents need to be reported to **Aetna** within 31 days because they may affect your contributions. If you do not report a new dependent within 31 days of his or her eligibility date, evidence of good health may be required.

# Your Life Insurance Plan

(GR-9N 03-005 01)

**Naming Your Beneficiary**

**Benefit Payments**

**Changing Your Elections**

Life insurance is an important component of your financial planning. The Life Insurance Plan pays a benefit to your beneficiary if you die while covered by the plan. Refer to the *Schedule of Life Insurance Benefits* for information about the plan's benefit. This section will help you understand the following:

- Naming a Beneficiary
- Payment of Benefits
- How to convert your coverage, and
- How to change coverage amounts

## How the Plan Works (GR-9N 03-005 01)

### Naming Your Beneficiary

(This beneficiary provision also applies if you die and are covered for Accidental Death and Personal Loss Coverage.)

A beneficiary is the person you designate to receive life benefits if you should die while you are covered. You may name anyone you wish as your beneficiary. You may name more than one beneficiary. You will need to complete a beneficiary designation form, which you can get from your employer.

If you name more than one primary beneficiary, the life insurance benefits will be paid out equally unless you stipulate otherwise on the form. If you name more than one primary beneficiary and the amount or percentage of the payment to your primary beneficiaries does not equal 100% of your life insurance amount, the difference will be paid equally to your named primary beneficiaries.

You may change your beneficiary choice at any time by completing a new beneficiary designation form. Send the completed form to your employer or to **Aetna**. The beneficiary change will be effective on the date you sign a new beneficiary designation form.

Prior to your death, you are the only person who can name or change your beneficiary. No other person may change your beneficiary on your behalf, including, but not limited to, any agent under power of attorney, whether durable or non-durable, or other power of appointment.

**Aetna** pays life insurance benefits in accordance with the beneficiary designation it has on record. Any payment made before **Aetna** receives your request for a beneficiary change will be made to your previously designated beneficiary. **Aetna** will be fully discharged of its duties as to any payment made, if the payment is made before **Aetna** receives notification of a change in beneficiary.

### If Your Beneficiary Dies Before You

If one of your named primary beneficiaries dies before you, his or her share will be payable in equal shares to any other named primary beneficiaries who survive you. If you have named a contingent beneficiary, your contingent beneficiary will only be paid if all primary beneficiaries die before you.

If you have not named a primary or contingent beneficiary, or if the person you have named dies before you, payment will be made as follows to those who survive you:

- Your spouse, if any.
- If there is no spouse, in equal shares to your children.

- If there is no spouse; or you have no children, to your parents, equally or to the survivor.
- If there is no spouse; or you have no children, or parents, in equal shares to your brothers and sisters.
- If none of the above survives, to your executors or administrators.

### **If Your Beneficiary Is a Minor**

The method of payment will differ if your beneficiary is:

- A minor; or
- Legally unable to give a valid release for payment of any Life Insurance benefit, in **Aetna's** opinion.

**Aetna** will issue (as permitted by applicable state law) the life insurance payment to:

- The guardian of your beneficiary's estate; or
- The custodian of the beneficiary's estate under the Uniform Transfer to Minors Act; or
- An adult caretaker/legal guardian.

**Aetna** will be fully discharged of its duties as to the extent of the payment made. **Aetna** is not responsible for how the payment is used.

### **Conversion Benefit** (GR-9N 03-005 03) (GR-9N 03-010 01)

A life conversion option may be available without a medical exam if you apply for it within 31 days of your loss of eligibility under the plan. For more information about the conversion provision, refer to the *Conversion* section.

### **Accelerated Death Benefit** (GR-9N 03-075 02)

The plan's Accelerated Death Benefit feature allows you to receive a partial life insurance benefit if you or your spouse are:

- Diagnosed with a terminal illness and not expected to survive more than the ADB Months; or
- Diagnosed with one of the following medical conditions:
  - Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (Lou Gehrig's disease);
  - End stage heart, kidney, liver and/or pancreatic organ failure and you are not a transplant candidate;
  - A medical condition requiring artificial life support, without which you would die; or
  - A permanent neurological deficit resulting from a cerebral vascular accident (stroke) or a traumatic brain injury which are both expected to result in life-long confinement in a **hospital** or **skilled nursing facility**.

#### **Important Reminder**

You cannot request an Accelerated Death Benefit payment if you have assigned your life insurance benefits, or the life insurance benefits of your spouse.

### **The Amount of Accelerated Death Benefit**

You can request up to the Accelerated Death Benefit percentage of the life insurance that is currently in effect for the person for whom you are making the request. The amount you request cannot be:

- Less than the Accelerated Death Benefit minimum; or
- More than the Accelerated Death Benefit maximum.

You may request and receive an Accelerated Death Benefit under this plan only **once** on your own behalf, and only **once** on behalf of any spouse.

## Requesting an Accelerated Death Benefit (GR-9N 03-080 02)

To request the Accelerated Death Benefit, you must complete and submit a request form to **Aetna**. The request form must include:

- A statement of the amount requested; and
- A **physician's** statement verifying that you are suffering from a non-correctable **terminal illness**, or, are suffering from one of the listed medical conditions that is expected to result in a drastically limited life span. The statement must also provide the following information:
  - All medical test results;
  - Laboratory reports; and
  - All supporting documentation and information on which the **physician's** statement is based.

Submit the form to **Aetna**. **Aetna** may, at its own expense, require you or your spouse to submit to an independent medical exam by a **physician** it chooses. **Aetna** will not process your Accelerated Death Benefit request until the exam has been completed and **Aetna** has received the results.

### **Aetna May Refuse Your Accelerated Death Benefit Request:**

**Aetna** may stop processing your Accelerated Death Benefit request or refuse your Accelerated Death Benefit request if:

- The group policy terminates coverage for your eligible class before **Aetna** approves your Accelerated Death Benefit request (even if all or part of your life insurance coverage continues for any reason);
- All of your, or your spouse's life insurance coverage terminates under the group policy for any reason before **Aetna** approves your Accelerated Death Benefit request; or
- You die before **Aetna** issues the Accelerated Death Benefit payment.

## Accelerated Death Benefit Payment (GR-9N 03-085 02)

If your request is approved, **Aetna** will pay you the Accelerated Death Benefit in a lump sum.

### **Effect of an Accelerated Death Benefit Payment on:**

#### **Your Life Insurance Benefit**

The amount of life insurance covering you, your spouse will be reduced by the amount of the Accelerated Death Benefit payment.

#### **Life Conversion**

An Accelerated Death Benefit payment affects the amount of life insurance you, your spouse is eligible to convert to an individual policy. The converted amount will be limited to the reduced amount of life insurance after the Accelerated Death Benefit payment.

Refer to the *Converting to an Individual Life Insurance Policy* section for more information about the conversion privilege.

## Claims of Creditors (GR-9N 03-090 01)

To the extent allowed by law:

- Your Accelerated Death Benefit payment is exempt from any legal or equitable process for your debts; and
- You are not required to request an Accelerated Death Benefit in order to satisfy claims of creditors.

## Tax Consequences

You may wish to carefully consider the tax consequences of requesting an Accelerated Death Benefit. Consult your counsel or tax advisor before proceeding with the request.

### **Important Reminder**

While **Aetna** cannot offer you or your employer legal or tax advice, you should consult with your tax advisor before you request an Accelerated Death Benefit since the amount of the Accelerated Death Benefit you receive may be subject to income taxes upon receipt of the Accelerated Death Benefit payment.

## **Dependent Life Insurance** (GR-9N 03-010 01)

Dependent life insurance pays a benefit to you if one of your covered dependents dies at any time or place. Aetna will pay the benefit per the *Payment of Benefits* section. If you are not living at the time the benefit is paid, the payment will be made to your executors or administrators. **Aetna** has the option to make this payment to your spouse.

The following dependents are **not** eligible for dependent life insurance:

- Full-time, active military personnel; and
- Children who are not born alive.

Refer to *Eligibility* for more information about dependent eligibility.

## **Employee and Dependent Life Suicide Exclusion** (GR-9N-03-095 01)

The plan will not pay a Supplemental Life Insurance benefit if:

- you, or your dependent, die by suicide, while sane or insane, or from an intentionally self-inflicted **injury**, within two years from the effective date of your, or your dependent's coverage.

If your, or your dependent's, death occurs after two years of the effective date of your, or your dependent's, coverage, but within two years of the date that any increase in coverage becomes effective, no death benefit will be payable for any such increased amount.

# Your Accidental Death and Personal Loss Coverage

(GR-9N-04-005-01)

Covered Losses

Accident Benefits Payable

Additional Benefits

Accidental Death and Personal Loss Coverage (ADPL) covers losses you suffer solely and as a direct result of an accidental bodily **injury** that occurs while covered by the plan. Benefits are payable to your beneficiary if you die, or to you if you suffer any other covered loss in an **accident**.

Refer to the *Schedule of Benefits* for additional information about your ADPL benefits.

## How the Plan Works (GR-9N-04-005-01)

### Covered Losses

The plan covers a loss you suffer solely and as a direct result of bodily **injury** that happens while you are covered by the plan. The loss must be caused directly, and apart from any other cause, by that bodily **injury** within 365 days after the **accident**.

Loss means:

- Loss of life.
- Loss of a hand by actual and permanent severance at or above the wrist joint.
- Loss of a foot by actual and permanent severance at or above the ankle joint.
- Complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in the eye.
- Total and permanent loss of speech or hearing in both ears.
- Loss of the thumb and index finger of the same hand by actual and permanent severance at or above the metacarpophalangeal joint of both fingers.

Loss of speech or hearing is considered permanent if it has lasted for 12 months in a row; unless the attending **physician** states otherwise.

### Loss Due to Paralysis

The plan pays a benefit if you are paralyzed solely and as a direct result of an accidental bodily **injury** that happens while covered by the plan. The paralysis must:

- Be caused directly and solely by the bodily **injury**;
- Be complete and irrecoverable; and
- Begin within 30 days of the **accident**.

The following forms of paralysis are covered by the plan:

- Quadriplegia: paralysis of both upper and lower limbs.
- Paraplegia: paralysis of both lower limbs.
- Hemiplegia: paralysis of the upper and lower limbs on one side of the body.
- Uniplegia: paralysis of one limb.

A limb means the entire arm or leg.

## Exposure

Loss of life caused by exposure to natural or chemical elements will be treated as accidental if the exposure was a direct result of an **accident**.

## Disappearance

The plan will pay an accidental death benefit if your body is not found, and no contrary evidence about the circumstances of your disappearance arises, within one year of the accidental disappearance, sinking, or wrecking of a conveyance you occupied.

## Accidental Death and Personal Loss Benefit Payable (GR-9N-04-015-01) (GR-9N-04-110-01)

If you die, or suffer a covered loss solely and as a direct result of a bodily **injury** within 365 days of the date of the **accident** causing the **injury**, the plan will pay a benefit. The benefit is expressed as a percentage of the principal sum. The principal sum is the full benefit payable by the plan. The following table defines the benefit payable for each type of loss.

Covered Loss	Percentage of the Principal Sum Paid By the Plan
Loss of Life -including exposure and presumed disappearance.	100%
Loss of both feet, both hands, or the sight in both eyes	100%
Loss of both speech and hearing in both ears	100%
Loss of one hand, one foot or the sight in one eye	50%
Loss of speech or hearing in both ears	50%
Loss of thumb and index finger of the same hand	25%

## Paralysis

If you are paralyzed solely and as a direct result of a bodily **injury**, and the paralysis begins within 30 days of the **injury**, the plan will pay a benefit. The benefit is expressed as a percentage of the principal sum, as shown in the following table:

Covered Loss	Percentage of the Principal Sum Paid By the Plan
Quadriplegia	100%
Paraplegia or hemiplegia	50%
Uniplegia	25%

## Payment of Benefits

The plan will pay all the benefits, except for loss of life, to you. The benefit for the loss of life will be paid to the beneficiary you named.

## Maximum Benefit

The plan will pay up to the principal sum for all losses (including paralysis and **coma**), that result from one **accident**, except as may be provided under *Additional Benefits Under the Accidental Death and Personal Loss Plan*.

## Coma Benefit (GR-9N-04-010-01)

The plan will pay a monthly benefit if you suffer a bodily **injury** and are in a **coma** solely and as a direct result of an **accident**, if all of the following occur while covered by the plan:

- The bodily **injury** is caused by a covered **accident**; and
- You become comatose within 30 days after the **accident**; and
- The **coma** is the direct result of your **accident**; and
- You remain continually **comatose** for at least 30 days in a row.

Written proof that you are in a **coma** must be provided to **Aetna** within 60 days after the date you become **comatose**.

### When Monthly Coma Benefits Start

The first monthly benefit will be payable on the first day of the month following the date you have been in a **coma** for at least 30 days.

### Monthly Coma Benefit

The plan will pay a monthly benefit equal to:

- Your principal sum; minus
- Any other ADPL payment the plan makes or may make for injuries resulting from the same **accident**; times the **coma** benefit percentage.

### Important Note

Your principal sum is the maximum payable for all the losses resulting from the same accident.

The monthly benefit is payable for 11 months. After you have been continually **comatose** for 12 months, the plan will pay the remainder of the principal sum.

If the monthly payments are less than \$20 each, the payments will be paid in one lump sum on the first day of the month following the date you, have been continually **comatose** for 12 months.

**Aetna** has the right to require proof that the **coma** continues. **Aetna** may, at its own expense, examine you while **comatose**. **Aetna** will not request an exam or proof more than twice in a 12-month period.

### When Coma Benefits End

The monthly benefit is payable as long as the **coma** continues, until the earliest of the following occurs:

- You are no longer in a **coma** because you have died or recovered, or your condition has changed, as certified by a **physician**;
- **Aetna** requests an exam, and it is not performed, or the results are not given to **Aetna**;
- **Aetna** is not given proof that the **coma** continues; or
- The plan pays your principal sum in full.

### Additional Information

The plan will not pay a **coma** benefit if:

- No named beneficiary survives you; or
- No beneficiary has been named;
- No immediate family member to whom the benefit may be paid, at **Aetna's** discretion, survives you. Immediate family members include: your spouse, your children, your parents, and your brothers and sisters; and
- No guardian of the estate or conservator of the estate has been appointed.

Covered Loss	Percentage of the Principal Sum Paid By the Plan
Coma	5% of your principal sum per month payable for up to 11 months in a row
	45% of your principal sum if still comatose in month 12

### Third Degree Burn Benefit (GR-9N-04-110-01)

The plan will pay a third degree burn benefit if:

- You suffer third degree burns solely and as a direct result of an **accident** covered by this plan; and
- The **accident** occurs while you are covered by the plan.

### Third Degree Burn Benefit Payable

The benefit payable is based on the principal sum and the extent of the burns.

If the Third Degree Burn Covers:	the benefit payable is:
75% or more of your body	100% of your principal sum
50%-74% of your body	50% of your principal sum

Proof of the nature and extent of the burns must be submitted to **Aetna**.

#### Important Note

The principal sum is the maximum payable for all losses occurring to one person as the result of the same **accident**.

If you later die as the result of the same **accident**, the ADPL Plan death benefit will be:

- Your principal sum, *minus*
- Any amount already paid by the plan for the same **accident**.

### Total Disability Death Benefit (GR-9N-04-020-01) (GR-9N-04-015-01)

The plan will pay a benefit equal to the principal sum if you become totally disabled solely and as a direct result of a bodily **injury**, and:

You remain continuously disabled from the date of the **accident** until your death; and

You die while you are covered by the plan.

#### Important Note

For purposes of this benefit provision, you are totally disabled if:

- You are not able to work at your own job;
- You are not able to work at any other job for pay or profit; and
- You are under age 60 at the time of the **accident**.

**Aetna** must be notified of your death within 12 months of the date of your death. The payment will be issued to your beneficiary. The amount of the payment will be reduced by any other ADPL payment the plan makes for the same **accident**.

### Additional Benefits Under the Accidental Death and Personal Loss Plan (GR-9N 04-025 01)

This section describes additional losses that may be covered by the ADPL plan if the losses are solely and as a direct result of an **accident**. You must be covered by the plan at the time of the accident that causes the loss and the loss must occur within 365 days of the **accident**.

#### Passenger Restraint and Airbag Benefit (GR-9N 04-025 01)

The plan will pay a **passenger restraint** benefit if:

- You are the driver of, or a passenger in, a **motor vehicle**; and
- The **motor vehicle** is involved in an **accident**; and
- You die as a direct result of the **motor vehicle accident**; and
- Death occurs within 365 days of the **accident**; and

- You were properly using a **passenger restraint** at the time of the **accident**; and
- The driver of the car had a valid **motor vehicle** license at the time of the **accident**.

The plan will also pay an **airbag** benefit if:

- An **airbag** is activated as the result of the same **motor vehicle accident**; and
- The **airbag** system does not save the life of the person it was designed to protect.

The plan will pay the **airbag** benefit only if you are properly using a **passenger restraint** at the time of the **accident**.

### Benefit Payable

The benefit payable depends on whether you were using a **passenger restraint** properly at the time of the **accident** and whether the **airbag** deployed:

At the time of the accident, if you:	... and the Airbag	... the plan will pay:
Used the <b>passenger restraint</b> properly,	Deployed,	<b>Passenger restraint</b> benefit; and <b>Airbag</b> benefit.
Used the <b>passenger restraint</b> properly,	Did not deploy,	<b>Passenger restraint</b> benefit.
Did not use the <b>passenger restraint</b> properly,	Deployed,	No benefit.
Did not use the <b>passenger restraint</b> properly,	Did not deploy	No benefit.

**Aetna** must receive verification that:

- You were using the **passenger restraint** system at the time of the **accident**; and
- For the **airbag** benefit, the **airbag** system was activated by the **accident**.

The verification must be part of the official **accident** report or certified, in writing, by the investigating officer(s).

Refer to the *Schedule of Benefits* for the benefit payable.

### Education Benefit (GR-9N-04-030-01)

The education benefit will help provide for your child's education and give your surviving spouse financial help for the cost of employment training if you die as the result of an **accident**.

The plan will pay an education benefit if:

- You die solely and as a direct result of an **accident**; and
- Your death occurs within 365 days of the **accident**.

### Education Benefit for Your Dependent Children

#### Eligible Dependent Children

Your dependent child must meet all the following requirements to be eligible for educational benefits:

- The child is your unmarried:
  - Biological child;
  - Adopted child;
  - Stepchild; or
  - Any other child you support that lives with you in a parent-child relationship;
- The child:
  - Is attending school (school means kindergarten through the 12<sup>th</sup> grade of high school), or
  - Is past the 12<sup>th</sup> grade, but under the age of 23; and

- Is attending college or trade school on a full time basis at the time of your death; or
- Enrolls in college or trade school on a full-time basis within 365 days after the claim has been approved.

### **Educational Benefit Payable**

The benefit payable is expressed as a percentage of your principal sum if you die.

Refer to the *Schedule of Benefits* for the benefit payable.

The first payment will be made when:

- Your ADPL benefit is paid; and
- **Aetna** receives written proof that the dependent child is attending school as defined above.
- Subsequent education benefit payments will be made in annual installments, for up to three more years. The payment will be issued on the anniversary of the payment as long as your dependent child remains in school as defined above.

**Aetna** will issue payment directly to a dependent child who has reached the age of majority. For a minor child or a child who, in **Aetna's** opinion, is legally unable to give a valid release for the payment of any life insurance benefit, **Aetna** will issue payment to:

- The guardian of the estate of the minor;
- The custodian under the Uniform Transfer to Minor's Act; or
- The adult caretaker/legal guardian, as permitted under State law.

### **When Education Benefits End for a Dependent Child**

The plan will pay the benefits until the earliest of the following occurs:

- Four years from the date of your death;
- The date your child no longer qualifies as a dependent child; or
- 30 days from the date that **Aetna** requests satisfactory written proof that the child continues to qualify as a dependent child, and that proof is not given to **Aetna**.

### **Education Benefit for Your Surviving Spouse**

The plan will pay an educational benefit to your surviving spouse who, as the result of your death, enrolls in an employment training program to obtain or supplement an independent source of income.

The education benefit will be paid to your surviving spouse, regardless of who is named as beneficiary for your life insurance.

### **Education Benefit Payable**

Refer to the *Schedule of Benefits* for the benefit payable.

The first payment will be made when:

- Your ADPL death is paid; and
- **Aetna** receives written proof within 365 days after the claim has been approved that your spouse is enrolled in an employment training program.

Subsequent education benefit payments will be made in annual installments, for up to three more years. The payment will be issued on the anniversary of the first payment, as long as your spouse remains enrolled in an employment training program.

### **When Education Benefits End For Your Spouse**

The plan will pay benefits until the earliest of the following occurs:

- Four years from the date of your death; or
- 30 days from the date that **Aetna** requests satisfactory written proof that your spouse is enrolled in an employment training program and that proof is not given to **Aetna**.

### **Child Care Benefit** (GR-9N-04-035-01)

The plan will pay child care benefit for each eligible dependent child if:

- You die solely and as a direct result of an **accident**; and
- Your death occurs within 365 days of the **accident**.

### **Eligible Dependents**

Your dependent child must meet all of the following requirements to be eligible for child care benefits:

- The child is your:
  - Biological child;
  - Adopted child;
  - Stepchild; or
  - Any other child you support that lives with you in a parent-child relationship;
- The child is under the age of 13; and
- The child:
  - Is enrolled in a **legally licensed day care center** on the date of the **accident**; or
  - Is subsequently enrolled in a **legally licensed day care center** within 90 calendar days after the date the claim is approved.

### **Child Care Benefit Payable**

The benefit payable is expressed as a percentage of your principal sum if you die.

Refer to the *Schedule of Benefits* for the benefit payable.

### **Important Note**

If both you and your spouse die because of the same **accident**, the plan will pay a single child care benefit, based on your principal sum.

The first payment will be made when your ADPL benefit is paid. **Aetna** must receive written proof that the dependent child is enrolled in a **legally licensed child care center**.

Subsequent child care benefit payments will be made in annual installments, for up to three years. The payment will be issued on the anniversary of the first payment, as long as your dependent child remains enrolled in a **legally licensed child care center**.

**Aetna** will issue payment to:

- The guardian of the estate of the minor;
- The custodian under the Uniform Transfer to Minors Act; or
- The adult caretaker/legal guardian, as permitted under state law.

### **When Child Care Benefits End for a Dependent Child**

The plan will continue to pay benefits until the earliest of the following occurs:

- Four years from the date of your death;
- The date your child no longer qualifies as a dependent child; or

- 30 days from the date that **Aetna** requests satisfactory written proof that the child continues to qualify as a dependent child, and that proof is not given to **Aetna**.

### **Repatriation of Remains** (GR-9N 04-040 01)

The plan pays a benefit for the preparation and transportation of your body to a mortuary if you die more than 200 miles from your principal place of residence.

The repatriation of remains benefit is payable if:

- You die solely and as a direct result of an **accident** by this plan;
- Your death occurs within 365 days of the **accident**;
- The accident occurs outside a 200 mile radius from your principal place of residence; and
- An ADPL death benefit is payable.

Refer to the *Schedule of Benefits* for the benefit payable.

## **Exclusions That Apply to Accidental Death and Personal Loss**

(GR-9N-28-005-02)

Not all events which may be ruled accidental are covered by this plan. No benefits are payable for a loss caused or contributed to by:

- Air or space travel. This does not apply if a person is a passenger, with no duties at all, on an aircraft being used only to carry passengers (with or without cargo.)
- Bodily or mental infirmity.\*
- Commission of or attempting to commit a criminal act.
- Illness, ptomaine or bacterial infection.\*
- Inhalation of poisonous gases.
- Intended or accidental contact with nuclear or atomic energy by explosion and/or release.
- Ligature strangulation resulting from auto-erotic asphyxiation.
- Intentionally self-inflicted **injury**.
- Medical or surgical treatment\*.
- 3<sup>rd</sup> degree burns resulting from sunburn.
- Use of alcohol.
- Use of drugs, except as prescribed by a **physician**.
- Use of intoxicants.
- Use of alcohol or intoxicants or drugs while operating any form of a **motor vehicle** whether or not registered for land, air or water use. A **motor vehicle accident** will be deemed to be caused by the use of alcohol, intoxicants or drugs if it is determined that at the time of the **accident** you or your covered dependent were:
  - Operating the **motor vehicle** while under the influence of alcohol is a level which meets or exceeds the level at which intoxication would be presumed under the laws of the state where the **accident** occurred. If the **accident** occurs outside of the United States, intoxication will be presumed if the person's blood alcohol level meets or exceeds .08 grams per deciliter; or
  - Operating the **motor vehicle** while under the influence of an intoxicant or illegal drug; or
  - Operating the **motor vehicle** while under the influence of a prescription drug in excess of the amount prescribed by the **physician**; or
  - Operating the **motor vehicle** while under the influence of an over the counter medication taken in an amount above the dosage instructions.
- Suicide or attempted suicide (while sane or insane).
- War or any act of war (declared or not declared).

\* These do not apply if the loss is caused by:

- An infection which results directly from the **injury**.
- Surgery needed because of the **injury**.

The **injury** must not be one which is excluded by the terms of this section.

## Changes to Your Coverage Amounts (GR-9N-03-015-03)

The amount of your life insurance benefit and accidental death and personal loss principal sum depends on a variety of factors, including your earnings, employment status, and employee class. Your benefit level may change as the result of a change in one or more of these factors.

### Changes in Contributory Coverage

A change in your rate of earnings, employment status or employee class may change the amount of your life insurance or accidental death and personal loss coverage. A reduction in your coverage will be effective on:

- The date you request a change in your life insurance and accidental death and personal loss coverage; or
- The date your earnings, status or class changes for all other coverage.

An increase in your insurance coverage will be effective on the date your earnings, status or classification changes. If you are not actively at work on the date of the change, the increase in any coverage will be postponed until you return to active work for one full day.

You have the right to refuse an increase in life insurance or accidental death and personal loss coverage. You must make this request within 31 days of the date the change would have become effective.

#### **Important Reminder**

If you refuse an increase in life insurance or accidental death and personal loss coverage, future changes in your earnings, status or class will not increase your coverage, unless **Aetna** gives written consent.

A retroactive change in your rate of earnings, status or classification will not change your coverage retroactively. Any resulting change in coverage will be effective on the date **Aetna** receives notice of the change, or as otherwise agreed upon between **Aetna** and your employer.

The rules described above do not apply to reductions due to age or retirement. For more information, please refer to *When Life and Accidental Death and Personal Loss Insurance Amounts Are Reduced* sections.

### Changes in Benefit Level

If a change in benefit level increases or decreases your insurance coverage, your new coverage amounts will be effective on the date of the change. If you are not actively at work on the date of the change, the increase in any coverage will be postponed until you return to active work for one full day.

You have the right to refuse an increase in life insurance or accidental death and personal loss coverage. You must make this request within 31 days of the date the change would have become effective.

#### **Important Reminder**

If you later decide to elect the increase (or any future increase) in life insurance or accidental death and personal loss, the change will be effective on the date **Aetna** gives written consent.

## Changing Your Elections

You must provide **Aetna** with evidence of good health if:

- You did not enroll for supplemental life insurance when you first became eligible, and now want to enroll; or
- You would like to increase the amount of your supplemental life insurance, except as described in the Evidence Requirements section of your *Schedule of Benefits*.

Your enrollment or increase in supplemental life insurance will be effective on the date **Aetna** approves your evidence of good health.

### Important Reminder

**Aetna** may require you to undergo a health exam at your own expense to verify your good health.

## Changes in Non-Contributory Coverage (GR-9N 03-020 03)

An increase or decrease in the amount of your coverage as the result of a change in your rate of earnings, employment status, employee class, or benefit level will become effective on the date the change occurs as long as you are actively at work. If you are not actively at work on the date of the change, any increase will be postponed until you return to active work for one full day.

A retroactive change in your rate of earnings, status or classification will not change your coverage retroactively. Any resulting change in coverage will be effective on the date **Aetna** receives notice of the change, or as otherwise agreed upon between **Aetna** and your employer.

These rules do not apply to reductions in your coverage due to age or retirement. For more information, please refer to *When Life and Accidental Death and Personal Loss Insurance Amounts Are Reduced* section.

## Changes in Dependent's Coverage (GR-9N 03-020 03)

An increase or decrease in the amount of coverage for your dependent, as the result of a change in the dependent's age, status or benefit level, will become effective on the date the age, status or benefit level change occurs. If you are not actively at work on the date of the change, the increase in your dependent's coverage will be postponed until you return to active work for one full day.

## When You Retire

Life insurance and accidental death and personal loss coverage ends when you retire.

## When Coverage Ends (GR-9N-30-005-05)

Coverage under your plan can end for a variety of reasons. In this section, you will find details on how and why coverage ends, and how you may still be able to continue coverage.

### When Coverage Ends For Employees (GR-9N-30-005-05)

Your coverage under the plan will end if:

- The plan is discontinued;
- You voluntarily stop your coverage;
- The group policy ends;
- You are no longer eligible for coverage;
- You do not make any required contributions;
- You become covered under another plan offered by your employer; or

- Your employment stops for any reason, including job elimination or being placed on severance. This will be either the date you stop active work, or the day before the first premium due date that occurs after you stop active work. However, if premium payments are made on your behalf, Aetna may deem your employment to continue, for purposes of remaining eligible for coverage under this Plan, as described below:
  - If you are not **actively at work** due to **illness or injury**, your coverage may continue until stopped by your employer, but not beyond 12 months from the start of the absence.
  - If you are not **actively at work** due to temporary lay-off or leave of absence, your coverage may continue until stopped by your employer. Your coverage will not continue beyond the end of the month in which your absence started.
  - If you are eligible as a permanently and totally disabled employee, your coverage may be deemed to continue for Life Insurance while you remain eligible.

It is your employer's responsibility to let **Aetna** know when your employment ends. The limits above may be extended only if **Aetna** and your employer agree, in writing, to extend them.

### **When Coverage Ends for Dependents** (GR-9N-30-015-02)

Coverage for your dependents will end if:

- You are no longer eligible for dependents' coverage;
- You do not make the required contribution toward the cost of dependents' coverage;
- Your own coverage ends for any of the reasons listed under *When Coverage Ends for Employees*;
- Your dependent is no longer eligible for coverage. In this case, coverage ends at the end of the calendar month when your dependent no longer meets the plan's definition of a dependent.
- Your dependent becomes eligible for comparable benefits under this or any other group plan offered by your employer as an employee.
- Your life insurance is being extended under this Plan as a permanently and totally disabled employee.

Coverage for dependents may continue for a period after your death. Coverage for handicapped dependents may continue after your dependent reaches any limiting age. See *Continuation of Coverage* for more information.

### **Continuation of Coverage** (GR-9N-31-010-03) (GR-9N-31-015-02) (GR-9N-31-005-02)

#### **Handicapped Dependent Children** (GR-9N-31-015-02)

Life Insurance and Health Expense Coverage for your fully handicapped dependent child may be continued past the maximum age for a dependent child. However:

- Life Insurance may not be continued if the child has been issued an individual life conversion policy.
- Life Insurance may not be continued if at the time you become eligible for dependent coverage under this plan and your child's age has exceeded the maximum age for dependent children under this plan, even if your child was covered under a prior group plan on the day before this plan takes effect.
- Health Expense Coverage may not be continued if the child has been issued an individual medical conversion policy.

Your child is fully handicapped if:

- he or she is not able to earn his or her own living because of mental retardation or a physical handicap which started prior to the date he or she reaches the maximum age for dependent children under your plan; and
- he or she depends chiefly on you for support and maintenance.

Proof that your child is fully handicapped must be submitted to **Aetna** no later than 31 days after the date your child reaches the maximum age under your plan.

Coverage will cease on the first to occur of:

- Cessation of the handicap.
- Failure to give proof that the handicap continues.
- Failure to have any required exam.
- Termination of Dependent Coverage as to your child for any reason other than reaching the maximum age under your plan.

**Aetna** will have the right to require proof of the continuation of the handicap. **Aetna** also has the right to examine your child as often as needed while the handicap continues at its own expense. An exam will not be required more often than once each year after 2 years from the date your child reached the maximum age under your plan.

## Converting to an Individual Life Insurance Policy (GR-9N 31-030 01)

### Eligibility

You may be eligible to apply for an individual life insurance policy, called a conversion policy, if the group plan coverage for you or your dependents ends because:

- Your employment was terminated;
- You are no longer in an eligible class; or
- Your coverage amount has been reduced because of the group policy age, pension or retirement reductions.

You may also convert your covered dependents life insurance to an individual policy, if:

- You are no longer in an eligible class that is eligible for dependent coverage; or
- Your dependent no longer qualifies as a covered dependent due to age.

Your dependents may convert their coverage as an individual policy if their coverage ends because:

- Your marriage ends in divorce or annulment; or
- You die.

In these circumstances, an application for conversion can be completed and submitted to **Aetna** without providing proof of good health.

When life insurance ends because that part of the group contract ends or because that part of the group contract discontinues as to your employee class, and your life insurance has been in force under the group contract for at least 5 years in a row, the amount in force less the amount of any group life insurance for which the person becomes eligible within 31 days of the date coverage ended may be converted to an individual policy. The maximum amount that can be converted by each person is \$10,000.

### Features of the Conversion Policy

The amount of coverage in the conversion policy will be determined at the time of application. The policy will take into consideration:

- Your age or the age of your dependents,
- The group plan's policy value in force in the prior 5 year period and the current entitlement under the group plan,
- Aetna's available products at the time of application.

The converted policy may be any kind of individual policy then customarily being issued for the amount being converted and for your age (nearest birthday) on the date it will be issued. The provisions of the conversion policy may not be the same as the provisions of the group plan. The conversion policy may not be a term policy, may not include disability or other supplementary benefits, it may contain exclusions, or may have exclusions that are different from those in the group policy. Once your individual policy becomes effective it will replace the benefits and

privileges of your former group plan.

## **Your Premiums and Payments**

Aetna will set the premium cost for the converted policy at the customary rates in effect at the time the policy is issued. You will be responsible for making premium payments on a timely basis.

## **Electing Conversion**

You or your dependents will need to apply for an individual policy within 31 days after your group life insurance coverage ends or is reduced.

Your employer will provide you with a copy of the application for conversion of term life insurance, which features detailed instructions.

Submit your completed application along with the first premium payment to Aetna within 31 days after your insurance ends for the reasons stated above.

## **When an Individual Policy Becomes Effective**

Your individual policy will become effective after Aetna has processed your completed application and premium payment. The individual policy will become effective at the end of the 31 day period described in the *Electing Conversion* section.

## **Impact of Death during Conversion Application Timeframe**

If you or your dependent die during the 31-day conversion period and before the individual policy becomes effective, benefits to your beneficiary will be paid through your group plan. The amount payable is limited to the maximum amount that would have been converted to your individual policy. This limit will apply even if **Aetna** has not received a conversion application or the first premium payment for the individual policy.

# General Provisions

## Legal Action

The following information does not apply to Life Insurance.

No legal action can be brought to recover payment under any benefit after 3 years from the deadline for filing claims.

**Aetna** will not try to reduce or deny a benefit payment on the grounds that a condition existed before your coverage went into effect, if the loss occurs more than 2 years from the date coverage commenced. This will not apply to conditions excluded from coverage on the date of the loss.

## Confidentiality

Information contained in your medical records and information received from any provider incident to the provider patient relationship shall be kept confidential in accordance with applicable law. Information may be used or disclosed by **Aetna** when necessary for the operation of the plan and administration of this Booklet-Certificate, or other activities, as permitted by applicable law. You can obtain a copy of **Aetna's** Notice of Information Practices at [www.aetna.com](http://www.aetna.com).

## Additional Provisions

The following additional provisions apply to your coverage:

- You cannot receive multiple coverage under the plan because you are connected with more than one employer.
- In the event of a misstatement of any fact affecting your coverage under the plan, the true facts will be used to determine the coverage in force.
- This document describes the main features of the plan. Additional provisions are described elsewhere in the *group policy*. If you have any questions about the terms of the plan or about the proper payment of benefits, contact your employer or **Aetna**.
- Your employer hopes to continue the plan indefinitely but, as with all group plans, the plan may be changed or discontinued with respect to your coverage.

## Assignments

An assignment is the transfer of your rights under the group policy to a person you name. You may assign, as a gift, all ownership of your Life Insurance benefit or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage. **Aetna** and your employer must give written consent to the assignment.

To request assignment of your Life Insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage you must complete an assignment form. Forms are available from your employer. Send the completed form to **Aetna** for consent. You may wish to contact legal counsel prior to assigning your life insurance or accidental death benefit coverage rights. Neither your employer nor **Aetna** guarantees or assumes any obligation concerning the sufficiency or validity of any assignment for purposes of your tax or estate planning.

## Claims of Creditors

Life and Accidental Death and Personal Loss benefit payments are exempt from legal or equitable process for your debts, where permitted by law. The exemption applies to the debts of your beneficiary, too.

## Misstatements

If any fact as to the Policyholder or you is found to have been misstated, a fair change in premiums may be made. If the misstatement affects the existence or amount of coverage, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is or remains in force and its amount.

All statements made by the Policyholder or you shall be deemed representations and not warranties. No written statement made by you shall be used by **Aetna** in a contest unless a copy of the statement is or has been furnished to you or your beneficiary, or the person making the claim.

**Aetna's** failure to implement or insist upon compliance with any provision of this policy at any given time or times, shall not constitute a waiver of **Aetna's** right to implement or insist upon compliance with that provision at any other time or times. This includes, but is not limited to, the payment of premiums. This applies whether or not the circumstances are the same.

## Incontestability

During the first two years that your insurance is in force, any statement that you have made may be used by **Aetna** in contesting the validity of that coverage. This also applies to any increase in your coverage for the two years that follow the effective date of that increase, if evidence of good health was required in order for the increase to take effect.

Once coverage (including any increases in coverage) has been continuously in effect for two years, the validity of your insurance (or increase in coverage) under this plan shall not be contested by **Aetna** unless your statement was in writing on a form signed by you and was fraudulently made in order to obtain that coverage or increase.

**Aetna** may also contest the validity of your insurance at any time under this plan for non-payment of premiums when due.

## Reporting of Claims (GR-9N-32-020-01)

You are required to submit a claim to **Aetna** in writing. Claim forms may be obtained from **Aetna**.

Your claim must give proof of the nature and extent of the loss. You must furnish true and correct information as **Aetna** may reasonably request.

## Reporting of Accidental Death & Personal Loss Claims

In addition to the above, a claim must be submitted to **Aetna** in writing within 90 days after the date of the loss for Accidental Death & Personal Loss Coverage. All claims must give proof of the nature and extent of the loss. Your employer has claim forms.

## Reporting of Life Insurance Claims

In addition to the above, a claim must be submitted to **Aetna** in writing.

If, through no fault of your own, you are not able to meet the deadline for filing claim, your claim will still be accepted if you file as soon as possible. Unless you are legally incapacitated, late claims for Accidental Death and Personal Loss Coverages will not be covered if they are filed more than 2 years after the deadline.

## Payment of Benefits (GR-9N-32-025-02)

Benefits will be paid as soon as the necessary proof to support the claim is received. Written proof must be provided for all benefits.

Any death benefit payable under the Life Insurance and Accidental Death and Personal Loss Plan for the loss of life will be paid in accordance with the beneficiary designation. Payment will be made in one sum.

If your beneficiary is a minor or, in **Aetna's** opinion, legally unable to give a valid release for payment of any life insurance benefit or accidental death and personal loss coverage, the benefit will be payable to the guardian of the estate of the minor, or to the custodian under the Uniform Transfer to Minors Act, or an adult caretaker, when permitted under applicable state law.

Any unpaid balance will be paid within 30 days of receipt by **Aetna** of the due written proof. This paragraph does not apply to Life Insurance.

**Aetna** may pay up to \$1,000 of any other benefit to any of your relatives whom it believes are fairly entitled to it. This can be done if the benefit is payable to you and you are a minor or not able to give a valid release. It can also be done if a benefit is payable to your estate. This paragraph does not apply to Life Insurance.

## Contacting Aetna (GR-9N-32-005-01)

If you have questions, comments or concerns about your benefits or coverage, or if you are required to submit information to **Aetna**, you may contact **Aetna's** Home Office at:

Aetna Life Insurance Company  
151 Farmington Avenue  
Hartford, CT 06156

You may visit **Aetna's** web site at [www.aetna.com](http://www.aetna.com).

## Effect of Prior Coverage - Transferred Business (GR-9N 32-040-01)

If your coverage under any part of this plan replaces any prior coverage for you, the rules below apply to that part.

"Prior coverage" is any plan of group coverage that has been replaced by coverage under part or all of this plan; it must have been sponsored by your employer (e.g., transferred business). The replacement can be complete or in part for the eligible class to which you belong. Any such plan is prior coverage if provided by another group contract or any benefit section of this plan.

Your Life Insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage under this plan replaces and supersedes any prior Life insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage. It will be in exchange for everything as to the prior Life Insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage. If you or your beneficiary becomes entitled to claim under the prior Life Insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage, your Life Insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage under this plan will be canceled. This will be done as of its effective date. Any premiums paid for your Life Insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage under this plan will be returned to your employer.

The beneficiary you named under a prior **Aetna** Life Insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage plan will apply to this plan. This can be changed according to the terms of this plan.

(GR-9N 32-040-01)

By mutual agreement between **Aetna** and the Policyholder, the Active Work Rule will, on the day after the date your prior coverage terminates, not apply to you if your name is given to **Aetna** by that day. The amount of your life insurance or accidental death benefit coverage will be the amount in effect under the prior coverage on the day before you become insured for Life Insurance or Accidental Death and Personal Loss coverage under this policy.

If you do not return to active work within 12 months from the date Life Insurance goes into effect or if the Permanent and Total Disability Extended Benefit does not apply to you, Life Insurance will cease at the end of such 12 month period. This will happen unless otherwise agreed to by the Policyholder and **Aetna**.

This provision shall terminate if:

- Your Life Insurance terminates; or
- You meet the Active Work Rule.

If you stay insured or again become eligible, this policy shall apply to you as though this provision were not included.

# Glossary

(GR-9N 34-005 01)

In this section, you will find definitions for the words and phrases that appear in **bold type** throughout the text of this Booklet-Certificate.

## **A** (GR-9N-34-010-01) (GR-9N-34-005-02)

### **Accident** (GR-9N-34-005-02)

This means a sudden external trauma that is; unexpected; and unforeseen; and is an identifiable **occurrence** or event producing, at the time, objective symptoms of an external bodily **injury**. The **accident** must occur while the person is covered under this Policy. The **occurrence** or event must be definite as to time and place. It must not be due to, or contributed by, an **illness** or disease of any kind including a reaction to a condition that manifests within the human body or a reaction to a drug or medication regardless of the reason you have consumed the drug or medication.

### **Active at Work; Actively at Work; Active Work** (GR-9N-34-005-02)

You will be considered to be active at work, actively at work or performing active work on any of your employer's scheduled work days if, on that day, you are performing the regular duties of your job on a full time basis for the number of hours you are normally scheduled to work. In addition, you will be considered to be actively at work on the following days:

- any day which is not one of your employer's scheduled work days if you were actively at work on the preceding scheduled work day; or
- a normal vacation day.

### **Aetna**

**Aetna** Life Insurance Company, an affiliate, or a third party vendor under contract with **Aetna**.

### **Airbag**

An **airbag** is:

- An unaltered **airbag** installed by the manufacturer of the **motor vehicle**; or
- An **airbag**:
  - Provided by the manufacturer of the **motor vehicle**; and
  - Installed by an authorized **motor vehicle** dealer.

## **C** (GR-9N 34-015 02)

### **Coma or Comatose**

A profound state of unconsciousness from which you or your covered dependent cannot be aroused to consciousness, even by powerful stimulation, as certified by a **physician**.

## **H** (GR-9N 34-040 02)

### **Hospital**

An institution that:

- Is primarily engaged in providing, on its premises, inpatient medical, surgical and diagnostic services;
- Is supervised by a staff of **physicians**;
- Provides twenty-four (24) hour-a-day R.N. service,
- Charges patients for its services;

- Is operating in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which it is located; and
- Does not meet all of the requirements above, but does meet the requirements of the jurisdiction in which it operates for licensing as a **hospital** and is accredited as a **hospital** by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations.

**In no event** does **hospital** include a convalescent nursing home or any institution or part of one which is used principally as a convalescent facility, rest facility, nursing facility, facility for the aged, extended care facility, intermediate care facility, **skilled nursing facility**, hospice, rehabilitative **hospital** or facility primarily for rehabilitative or custodial services.

## Hospitalization

A continuous confinement as an inpatient in a **hospital** for which a room and board charge is made.

## I (GR-9N 34-045 02)

### Illness (GR-9N 34-045 02)

A pathological condition of the body that presents a group of clinical signs and symptoms and laboratory findings peculiar to it and that sets the condition apart as an abnormal entity differing from other normal or pathological body states.

### Injury (GR-9N 34-045 02)

An accidental bodily **injury** that is the sole and direct result of:

- An unexpected or reasonably unforeseen occurrence or event; or
- The reasonable unforeseeable consequences of a voluntary act by the person.

The act or event must be definite as to time and place. An **injury** is not the direct result of **illness**.

## L (GR-9N 34-055 01)

### Legally Licensed Child Care Center

A facility that is:

- Duly licensed, certified, or accredited by the jurisdiction in which it is located to provide child care; and
- Operating in compliance with applicable laws and regulations of the jurisdiction.

## M (GR-9N-34-065-03) (GR-9N-34-065-04)

### Motor Vehicle

This is a vehicle or vessel that is powered by any form of a motor, whether or not registered for land, air or water use and it is:

- A passenger land or water vehicle of pleasure design which includes autos, vans, trucks, three or four-wheel all terrain vehicles (ATV), motorcycles, motor scooters, four wheel drive vehicles, snowmobiles, and self-propelled motor homes; or
- A vehicle of commercial use or design which includes, but is not limited to a cab, limousine, tractor trailer or box truck, a bus or lawn tractor; or
- Any form of motorized equipment designed for use in construction or demolition which includes, but is not limited to a bulldozer, crane, front-loader, backhoe, steam roller or paver; or
- A vehicle designed for water use which includes, but is not limited to a boat, ship, jet-ski or personal water craft of any design, including sail-boats or other wind powered water craft; or
- A vehicle designed for air use which includes, but is not limited to a plane (including a glider), jet, an ultra-light aircraft or helicopter; or

- A vehicle used for any form of racing or any other type of competitive event; or
- A vehicle designed for use in farming.

For purposes of the **passenger restraint** and **airbag** benefit only, the following will not be considered to be a **motor vehicle**:

- Any **motor vehicle** which has been altered and no longer meets the licensing and registration requirements of the State where the accident occurred;
- A motorcycle, motor scooter moped or any other form of self-propelled two wheel vehicle;
- A snowmobile;
- A boat, jet-ski or personal water craft;
- A plane, helicopter or ultra-light aircraft;
- An “ATV” all terrain vehicle;
- A military vehicle;
- A vehicle used for farming;
- A subway or train;
- A vehicle used for any form of racing or any other type of competitive event.

**P** *(GR-9N-34-080-01) (GR-9N-34-070-01) (GR-9N-34-030-02)*

## Passenger Restraint

This is a restraint that is:

- An unaltered seat belt or lap and shoulder restraint installed by the manufacturer of the **motor vehicle**; or
- A seat belt or lap and shoulder restraint:
  - Provided by the manufacturer of the **motor vehicle**; and
  - Installed by an authorized **motor vehicle** dealer; and
- Any child restraint device that is properly secured in the **motor vehicle** and meets the definition of the law of the state in which the **motor vehicle** is licensed and registered.

## Physician

A duly licensed member of a medical profession who:

- Has an M.D. or D.O. degree;
- Is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the jurisdiction where the individual practices; and
- Provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate.

This also includes a health professional who:

- Is properly licensed or certified to provide medical care under the laws of the jurisdiction where he or she practices;
- Provides medical services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate;
- Under applicable insurance law is considered a "physician" for purposes of this coverage;
- Has the medical training and clinical expertise suitable to treat your condition;
- Specializes in psychiatry, if your **illness** or **injury** is caused, to any extent, by alcohol abuse, substance abuse or a mental disorder; and
- A physician is not you or related to you.

## **S** (GR-9N 34-095-02) (GR-9N-34-090-01)

### **Skilled Nursing Facility**

An institution that meets all of the following requirements:

- It is licensed to provide, and does provide, the following on an inpatient basis for persons convalescing from **illness** or **injury**:
  - Professional nursing care by an R.N., or by a L.P.N. directed by a full-time R.N.; and
  - Physical restoration services to help patients to meet a goal of self-care in daily living activities.
- Provides 24 hour a day nursing care by licensed nurses directed by a full-time R.N.
- Is supervised full-time by a **physician** or an R.N.
- Keeps a complete medical record on each patient.
- Has a utilization review plan.
- Is not mainly a place for rest, for the aged, for drug addicts, for alcoholics, for mental retardates, for custodial or educational care, or for care of mental disorders.
- Charges patients for its services.
- An institution or a distinct part of an institution that meets all of the following requirements:
  - It is licensed or approved under state or local law.
  - Is primarily engaged in providing skilled nursing care and related services for residents who require medical or nursing care, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons.
- Qualifies as a **skilled nursing facility** under Medicare or as an institution accredited by:
  - The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations;
  - The Bureau of **Hospitals** of the American Osteopathic Association; or
  - The Commission on the Accreditation of Rehabilitative Facilities

**Skilled nursing facilities** also include rehabilitation **hospitals** (all levels of care, e.g. acute) and portions of a **hospital** designated for skilled or rehabilitation services.

**Skilled nursing facility** does not include:

- Institutions which provide only:
  - Minimal care;
  - Custodial care services;
  - Ambulatory; or
  - Part-time care services.
- Institutions which primarily provide for the care and treatment of alcoholism, substance abuse or mental disorders.

## **T** (GR-9N-34-095-01) (GR-9N 34-100-02)

### **Terminal Illness**

**Terminal Illness** means a medical prognosis of 12 months to live.

### **Third Degree Burns**

A full thickness burn, which is the most severe of the three burns extending near to the bone.

## **Confidentiality Notice**

Aetna considers personal information to be confidential and has policies and procedures in place to protect it against unlawful use and disclosure. By "personal information," we mean information that relates to a member's physical or mental health or condition, the provision of health care to the member, or payment for the provision of health care or disability or life benefits to the member. Personal information does not include publicly available information or information that is available or reported in a summarized or aggregate fashion but does not identify the member.

When necessary or appropriate for your care or treatment, the operation of our health, disability or life insurance plans, or other related activities, we use personal information internally, share it with our affiliates, and disclose it to health care providers (doctors, dentists, pharmacies, hospitals and other caregivers), payors (health care provider organizations, employers who sponsor self-funded health plans or who share responsibility for the payment of benefits, and others who may be financially responsible for payment for the services or benefits you receive under your plan), other insurers, third party administrators, vendors, consultants, government authorities, and their respective agents. These parties are required to keep personal information confidential as provided by applicable law.

Some of the ways in which personal information is used include claim payment; utilization review and management; coordination of care and benefits; preventive health, early detection, vocational rehabilitation and disease and case management; quality assessment and improvement activities; auditing and anti-fraud activities; performance measurement and outcomes assessment; health, disability and life claims analysis and reporting; health services, disability and life research; data and information systems management; compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; formulary management; litigation proceedings; transfer of policies or contracts to and from other insurers, HMOs and third party administrators; underwriting activities; and due diligence activities in connection with the purchase or sale of some or all of our business. We consider these activities key for the operation of our health, disability and life plans. To the extent permitted by law, we use and disclose personal information as provided above without member consent. However, we recognize that many members do not want to receive unsolicited marketing materials unrelated to their health, disability and life benefits. We do not disclose personal information for these marketing purposes unless the member consents. We also have policies addressing circumstances in which members are unable to give consent.

To obtain a copy of our Notice of Information Practices, which describes in greater detail our practices concerning use and disclosure of personal information, please call 1-866-825-6944 or visit our Internet site at [www.aetna.com](http://www.aetna.com).

## **Continuation of Coverage During an Approved Leave of Absence Granted to Comply With Federal Law**

This continuation of coverage section applies only for the period of any approved family or medical leave (approved FMLA leave) required by Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA). If your Employer grants you an approved FMLA leave for a period in excess of the period required by FMLA, any continuation of coverage during that excess period will be subject to prior written agreement between Aetna and your Employer.

If your Employer grants you an approved FMLA leave in accordance with FMLA, your Employer may allow you to continue coverage for which you are covered under the group contract on the day before the approved FMLA leave starts. This includes coverage for your eligible dependents.

At the time you request the leave, you must agree to make any contributions required by your Employer to continue coverage. Your Employer must continue to make premium payments.

If any coverage your Employer allows you to continue has reduction rules applicable by reason of age or retirement, the coverage will be subject to such rules while you are on FMLA leave.

Coverage will not be continued beyond the first to occur of:

- The date you are required to make any contribution and you fail to do so.
- The date your Employer determines your approved FMLA leave is terminated.
- The date the coverage involved discontinues as to your eligible class.

Any coverage being continued for a dependent will not be continued beyond the date it would otherwise terminate.

If the group contract provides continuation of coverage (for example, upon termination of employment), you (or your eligible dependents) may be eligible for such continuation on the date your Employer determines your approved FMLA leave is terminated or the date of the event for which the continuation is available.

If you acquire a new dependent while your coverage is continued during an approved FMLA leave, the dependent will be eligible for the continued coverage on the same terms as would be applicable if you were actively at work, not on an approved FMLA leave.

If you return to work for your Employer following the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated, your coverage under the group contract will be in force as though you had continued in active employment rather than going on an approved FMLA leave provided you make request for such coverage within 31 days of the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave to be terminated. If you do not make such request within 31 days, coverage will again be effective under the group contract only if and when Aetna gives its written consent.

If any coverage being continued terminates because your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated, any Conversion Privilege will be available on the same terms as though your employment had terminated on the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated.